

NAMIBIA, OKAVANGO AND VICTORIA FALLS: SET DEPARTURE TRIP REPORT

2 - 19 NOVEMBER 2018

By Jason Boyce



An unusual species to record on this tour: **Red-throated Twinspot** seen in Zambia near Livingstone (photo Peter Hilton)



Overview

This was a Namibia, Botswana, and Zambia birding adventure to remember. Starting in the iconic and well-known Walvis Bay we would thereafter traverse the diversity of Namibia: the escarpment, then north to the Kunene River, through Etosha National Park, and finally into the Caprivi Strip. The Okavango Panhandle in Botswana offers an amazing delta habitat filled with all kinds of waterfowl and aquatic species of birds, mammals, reptiles, butterflies, and so much more. We thoroughly enjoyed our couple of days in Botswana, and this leg of the trip, with so much time spent on boats, was certainly a highlight for some of our wonderful group. Lastly we traversed the Caprivi Strip and then found ourselves in Zambia, where we spent time around Livingstone as well as Victoria Falls.

We ended the tour with an impressive tally of 410 species of birds and an additional 10 species that were heard only. We also picked up 48 mammal species for the trip. The tour connected with some really exciting birds, some of the Namibian specials included **Damara** and **Black Terns**, **Chestnut-banded Plover**, **Dune**, **Gray's**, and **Benguela Long-billed Larks**, **Rockrunner**, **Herero Chat**, **Cinderella Waxbill**, **Secretarybird**, **Black-faced Babbler**, **Bradfield's Hornbill**, and **Rufous-bellied Tit**. Botswana produced **African Hobby**, two **Slaty Egrets**, **African Pygmy Goose**, and **Pel's Fishing Owl**. The eastern Caprivi and Zambia yielded **Rock Pratincole**, **Livingstone's Turaco**, **African Finfoot**, **Collared Palm Thrush**, **Arnot's Chat**, and the stunning **Red-throated Twinspot**.

Detailed Report

Day 1, 2nd November 2018. Walvis Bay: an introduction to Namibian Birding

Walvis Bay is an amazing place to go birding; a massive lagoon and salt works surround an industrial town and provide great habitat for thousands of shorebirds and waterfowl. This is a true birders' paradise and a great place to start our birding tour. We started things with breakfast overlooking the Lagoon – **Greater Flamingo**, **Bar-tailed Godwit**, and **Pied Avocet** all visible from the promenade across the road. A little further south toward the Walvis Bay salt works we picked up good numbers of all the common shorebirds; these included **White-fronted Plover** and the prized **Chestnut-banded Plover**, **Curlew** and **Marsh Sandpipers**, **Sanderling**, **Little Stint**, **Whimbrel**, **Common Greenshank**, and **Ruddy Turnstone**, as well as **Black-winged Stilt**. Gulls were also well represented with the large *Larus*-type **Kelp Gull** and both **Hartlaub's** and **Grey-headed Gulls** showing well. **Cape Teal** was the only representative of the duck family. We also picked up four species of tern in the morning; these were **Greater Crested**, **Caspian**, **Sandwich**, and **Common Terns**. We ended the morning with a nice pod of **Common Bottlenose Dolphins** and a couple of **Cape Fur Seals** that were enjoying themselves in the lagoon.

Our afternoon session proved to be rather difficult birding, and the activity was slow before picking up later in the afternoon. We headed to the gravel plains inland from Walvis Bay, where we spent a good amount of time searching for Gray's Lark with no luck. We did, however, pick up a couple of chat species, a pair of **Familiar Chats** at the airport and then the pale **Tractrac Chat** a few times on the gravel plains. We also birded the Rooibank area, where we did manage to find the sought-after **Dune Lark**. We saw no less than four of them, some singing from the ground and others in fantastic display flight. Some of the other species that we picked up at the Dune Lark



sight included **Southern Fiscal**, **Pale-winged Starling**, **Chestnut-vented Warbler**, and a flyby of a pair of **Ludwig's Bustards** (definitely the surprise of the afternoon).

Day 2, 3rd November 2018. Walvis Bay Lagoon birding and boat trip

The whole group was booked on a Walvis Bay Lagoon cruise. The trip is really good for Dolphin species such as Bottlenose and Heaviside's Dolphins – unfortunately today we only recorded Common Bottlenose Dolphin and missed the rarer Heaviside's Dolphin. But we did record a few excellent bird species in the form of African Penguin, Cape Gannet, Sooty Shearwater, Parasitic Jaeger, and both Black and Damara Terns. The seal colony on Pelican Point is seriously impressive and holds up to 60 000 Cape Fur Seals during the breeding season. We were also visited by two separate Cape Fur Seals on the boat, which enjoyed being on the Catamaran as much as we did and certainly enjoyed the raw fish they were being fed, as much as we enjoyed a few oysters and sparkling wine! After a successful morning out in the bay we headed south to the salt works lagoon roads for some shorebirds and were certainly rewarded; we saw excellent numbers of Chestnut-banded and White-fronted Plovers, both Whimbrel and Eurasian Curlew, and thousands of Curlew Sandpipers. Common Ringed Plover was found in low numbers, and a few Ruddy Turnstones and Sanderlings were also around.



The diminutive west coast Damara Tern

Then we headed to Swakopmund and the Mile 4 Saltworks, where we finally picked up a small group of **Gray's Lark**. We had put in some effort for this species and thoroughly enjoyed watching the group glean whatever they could off the small succulent-type bushes growing in the deserted gravel planes. We also picked up a pair of **Tractrac Chats**. We checked out the Swakopmund water treatment plant, where we added **Little Grebe**, **Red-knobbed Coot**, **Common Moorhen**, **Wood Sandpiper**, **Three-banded** and **Kittlitz's Plover**, and **African Reed Warbler**. We stopped at the giant platform that can be seen from shore between Swakopmund and Walvis Bay, and here



we added **African Oystercatcher** and **Crowned Cormorant** between hundreds of cormorants, pelicans, gulls, and flamingos. This was a very enjoyable and successful day's birding.



One of the species that gave our group the runaround before we finally managed to find a group of about six birds, **Gray's Lark** (photo Peter Hilton)

Day 3, 4th November 2018. Spitzkoppe and the Namib escarpment

It was a really good day today; things went according to plan and the birds cooperated! We added a really good number of new species to the trip list today. Rüppell's Korhaan and Chat Flycatcher were two of the additions early today – a pair of korhaans were spotted on the gravel plains as we made our way to the famous Spitzkoppe. At Spitzkoppe itself we really had a great couple of hours: Herero Chat showed easily incredibly well, while a pair of Verreaux's Eagle gave us incredible flybys. Layard's Warbler, Dusky Sunbird, Black-chested Prinia, White-tailed Shrike, Monteiro's Hornbill, and Great Sparrow all came to the party, some of them very curious and singing just meters from us. Things were really starting to heat up (literally as well as figuratively) in the mammal department; we had brilliant looks at Black Mongoose a couple of times and at South African Ground Squirrel as well as small families of Klipspringer moving around effortlessly on the large granite outcrops. The central-Kalahari specials Crimson-breasted Shrike and Marico Flycatcher were both spotted as we traveled north toward our accommodation within the Erongo Mountain Nature Conservancy.

We stopped a couple times at a few local spots, targeting **Violet Wood Hoopoe** among others and were very successful. First there was a **Tawny Eagle** catching a few thermals and then a pair of **Karoo Chat** showed alongside the road. After arriving at our stakeout **Burchell's Starling**, **Southern Pied Babbler**, and **Southern White-crowned Shrike** were among the first species to give us some nice views. **Rüppell's Parrot** and **Rosy-faced Lovebird** were around in large acacia trees. **Violet Wood Hoopoe** was also in attendance – a large group of about eight birds. We also added **Bennett's** and **Bearded Woodpeckers**, **Groundscraper Thrush**, **Red-billed Buffalo Weaver**, and **African Grey Hornbill**. We ended the day brilliantly with **Black-chested Snake**



Eagle, and at dinner **Double-banded Sandgrouse** came in to drink at the waterhole while a few very vocal **Freckled Nightjars** showed well after dinner.

Day 4, 5th November, 2018. The Namib escarpment

The Erongo Mountain Nature Conservancy is absolutely beautiful and holds some really great escarpment specials. On the way to Erongo Wilderness Lodge for some birding and lunch we enjoyed picking up a small family of **Black-faced Waxbills** as well as a few groups of **Red-billed** Spurfowls. Hartlaub's Spurfowl was heard calling, and finally we managed to get them into the scope on the rocky hillside. A pair of **Carps Tits** came by and showed very well at close range. Both Ashy Tit and Green-winged Pytilia were very active in the thicker thorny scrub and offered us a few good glimpses. The Erongo concession and specifically the area around Erongo Wilderness Lodge can be excellent for escarpment species among others. During the first ten minutes we found Red-headed Finch, Violet-eared Waxbill, and a brilliant Barred Wren-Warbler. A mammal highlight was seeing the intriguing Dassie Rat. But certainly our biggest target species here was **Rockrunner** – a legendary species and one that showed pretty well after some time of searching. The group enjoyed its bubbly call as much as seeing the bird! Cape **Bunting** was another good bird for us to pick up here. Our afternoon included a pretty substantial drive and of course some birding where possible. En route we found Benguela Long-billed Lark, Grey-backed Sparrow-Lark, Stark's Lark, a small group of Namaqua Sandgrouse, Rüppell's Korhaan, and Northern Black Korhaan. Late in the afternoon after a long drive we ended things with our first sighting of **Purple Roller**, the largest roller in the subregion and certainly one that the group had been hoping to find.



The legendary **Rockrunner** often poses really nicely.

Day 5, 6th November 2018. Travel to the Kunene region

Today we all enjoyed another good day in Africa. I frequently have guests tell me that they didn't



really want to come to Africa again but always end up coming back and have the time of their lives. This trip was no different, it was turning out to be one of the best Namibia tours ever. Today we traveled from Kamanjab to the Kunene region of Namibia, which is fairly long drive, and much of the day was travel. We spent some time birding the mopane and dry acacia woodlands around Kamanjab. These produced **Pearl-spotted Owlet**, **Long-billed Crombec**, **Crimson-breasted Shrike**, **Barred Wren-Warbler**, **Willow Warbler**, **Pririt Batis**, **Red-billed Quelea**, **Monteiro's Hornbill**, **Carp's Tit**, and a surprise **Rockrunner**. A roadside spot on the way north had some swift-and-swallow flocks; here we picked up four species of swift, **Alpine**, **Bradfield's**, **Little**, and **White-rumped Swifts**. A single **Brown Snake Eagle** as well as a single **African Hawk-Eagle** were both seriously impressive and showed very nicely.

Once we arrived at the banks of the Kunene River the resident **Rufous-tailed Palm Thrush** really wanted to be seen and showed incredibly well for an extended period of time. Other birds along the Kunene River were; **Meves's Starling, Red-necked Spurfowl, Yellow-bellied Greenbul**, and **Holub's Golden Weaver**. A **European Honey Buzzard** was also a pretty good sighting, a species that is considered a scarcity in Southern Africa but seems to have become a little more common in recent years.



One of the most striking members of the African babbler family, **Bare-cheeked Babbler** (photo Peter Hilton)

Day $6,7^{th}$ November 2018. A full day in the Kunene region

Unfortunately we were not able to do the Angolan Cave Chat trip to the Zebra Mountains – however, we did spend the morning going for the sought-after Cinderella Waxbill with great success. We headed up one of the river beds to an old waterfall site and on the way had an amazing interaction with a large group of **Bare-cheeked Babblers**. A bit further on a single **Augur Buzzard** gave us all great views as it came soaring down the river bed. The pretty **Cinderella Waxbill** didn't show for a good hour or so, and the group was a little worried we would miss them. But a little patience paid off eventually as a small group of four birds came in and hung around for



a good while. We had great looks at a brilliant and range-restricted species. The afternoon was really hot, and most birds were finding some shade; we did, however, find **Cardinal Woodpecker**, calls of **Grey-headed Kingfisher** echoed across the river from Angola, **Rosy-faced Lovebird** showed nicely, and **Olive Bee-eaters** were surprisingly active. A brilliant sundowner boat cruise along the river was enjoyable with **Golden-tailed Woodpecker**, **Common Greenshank**, **Little Egret**, and **Water Thick-knee** all in attendance. After the boat ride we also decided to find some shade and eventually headed back to the lodge for another hearty meal overlooking Angola. Then we started our preparations for the magnificent Etosha National Park.



Our "princesses", the Cinderella Waxbills, finally showed after waiting a good couple of hours at the site (photo Peter Hilton).

Day 7, 8th November 2018. Etosha National Park

Today would mainly be a travel day where we would make our way from Kunene River Lodge to eastern Etosha, entering at King Nehale Gate. After some time stocking up with water and necessary supplies and finding a moment to have a quick lunch we found ourselves in the Andoni Plains of Etosha. Just before entering the park we birded a small water overflow area, where we picked up Wahlberg's Eagle, Banded Martin, Red-capped Lark, Pied Avocet, Little Grebe, Desert Cisticola, Ruff, almost literally hundreds of Chestnut-banded Plovers, and a few other aquatic species. The afternoon in the park was spent getting to grips with some of the more common Etosha birds and animals. We did have an amazing sighting of thirteen Blue Cranes near the Andoni waterhole. The cranes are resident here and make up a small isolated population within Namibia. We arrived at our lodge, settled in, and then enjoyed a few birds and mammals here, including Yellow-breasted Apalis, African Paradise Flycatcher, Southern Red-billed Hornbill, Grey Go-away-bird, and Banded Mongoose.

Day 8, 9th November 2018. Eastern Etosha National Park

For a full day's birding and mammal viewing in Etosha we begun with a very early breakfast and



set off into Etosha National Park, entering at the eastern gate. Our first few mammal encounters for the day were **Black-faced Impala**, **Giraffe**, and **Springbok**. Our first bird sightings of the day were raptor species; we encountered (rather coincidently) both **Martial Eagle** and **Black-chested Snake Eagle** within 100m of one another, and both perched on tall trees on the right side of the road.

We headed back north for the Andoni Plains, where we had an awesome, close encounter with a male Lion! We almost drove past this amazing animal, but luckily some of the group spotted it out the right side of the vehicle, only about fifteen meters from us. The highlights in the Andoni grasslands and surrounding thorny woodlands were Kori Bustard, Red-crested Korhaan, Northern Black Korhaan, Tawny Eagle, Pale Chanting Goshawk, Red-necked Falcon, European Bee-eater, Eastern Clapper Lark, Pink-billed Lark, Ant-eating Chat, Marabou Stork, and another great sighting of Blue Cranes.



This large male **Lion** gave great views in Etosha National Park.

A couple of special sighting for the group as we were traveling back to our lunch spot were first a pair of **Double-banded Coursers** seen right alongside the road calling away beautifully with their



very upright posture and heads pointed heavenward – what a sighting of a typical Etosha species! Soon after we encountered our first **Secretarybird** – a bucket list bird, of course! We enjoyed a game drive that afternoon in an open safari vehicle with a local Namibia bird- and mammal guide. Good numbers of **Kori Bustards** showed once again, and we also picked up a male and a female **Lion** and added **Lesser Grey Shrike** to our trip list. We ended our drive heading to the Klein Namutoni waterhole, where a leopard had been seen. As we arrived we saw the young **Leopard** walking among the scrub about twenty meters off the road. This amazing animal had unfortunately been barking up the wrong tree and had gotten itself injured by a porcupine, and many of the quills were still lodged in its face and body. It left us wondering if it could survive in the long run and was a reminder for how cruel nature can be.

Day 9, 10th November 2018. Etosha National Park, Namutoni to Okaukuejo

It was great to spend another full day in the park, traversing the whole eastern section from Namutoni to Okaukuejo. The day was filled with more great mammal and bird sighting. Good numbers of **Kori Bustards**, **Secretarybird**, **Tawny Eagle**, **Double-banded Courser**, **Greybacked Sparrow-Lark**, a single **Black-winged Kite**, and many others were seen. We continued to pick up some special and more uncommon species too; **Temminck's Courser** was a cracker, a single bird at first and then later in the day we found a pair at a separate site.

Halali camp birding is always really enjoyable, and today was not different. The large mature trees provide some shade in the heat, and many species take cover here by midday. We found Violet Wood Hoopoe, Monteiro's Hornbill, Damara Red-billed Hornbill, Southern White-crowned Shrike, and Yellow-breasted Apalis. We continued west and birded some of the grassland sections on the pan's edge. Here we found Greater Kestrel, Lanner Falcon, another small group of Blue Cranes, Desert and Zitting Cisticolas, and Spike-heeled Lark. We also picked up both Tawny and Martial Eagles at the Rietfontein waterhole. Here we also saw some great mammals: A small pride of Lions were resting under the mopane trees behind us, while a single Black Rhinoceros arrived to have a quick drink of water and a Black-backed Jackal also ran by.



One of the most incredible mammals on the African continent must be **Black Rhinoceros**, and Etosha is certainly one of the best places to see it



Day 10, 11th November 2018. Birding the Gemsbokvlakte and Okaukuejo waterholes

On our final morning in the park we had another open safari vehicle to ourselves. It was a beautiful cool morning in Etosha, which was a welcome change from the last couple of days. One of the main camps in Etosha National Park is Okaukuejo, which has a perfectly-located waterhole to watch animals and birds coming to drink. We spent some time here in the afternoon and had some nice visuals of Sociable Weaver, Acacia Pied Barbet, Black-headed Heron, Namaqua Dove, African Cuckoo, and Greater Striped Swallow. The waterhole obviously boasts a good assortment of mammals too, so we enjoyed watching a large herd of African Elephants, Springbok, Black-faced Impala, Plains Zebra, Giraffe, Gemsbok, and Black-backed Jackal. Seeing a Bushveld Elephant Shrew at close range was a real novel sight too!



A typical sight at an Etosha waterhole. We had many brilliant sightings of **African Elephant** during out time in Etosha (photo Peter Hilton).

One of the most exciting sightings during this afternoon was that of a cracking male **Pallid Harrier** – a Palearctic migrant that makes its way into the Southern African region by November most years. **Rufous-eared Warbler** was a real little gem of a bird to see; we managed to track down a pair of birds in the low scrubby areas to the east of Okaukuejo and had some nice looks at them calling away from the top of small bushes. On the drive back to the lodge there were huge numbers of **Common Swifts** moving all over the place ahead of what looked like a great electrical storm; this was quite a sight indeed! **White-crested Helmetshrike** showed nicely to some members of the group from the lodge in the late afternoon, while the evening provided **Rufous-cheeked Nightjar** and **African Scops Owls** calling, but unfortunately, try as we might, we did not get visuals.

Day 11, 12th November 2018. Travel day, Etosha to Roy's Camp

The grounds of Etosha Safari lodge did offer us an interesting array of species before breakfast



followed by a long drive east. We certainly enjoyed **Short-toed Rock Thrush**, **Pearl-spotted Owlet**, **Brubru**, **Golden-tailed Woodpecker**, **Bare-cheeked Babbler**, **Violet-eared Waxbill**, and good numbers of **Red-billed Quelea**. What was mostly a travel day really did end incredibly well for us. We had about two hours of daylight left after arrival at Roy's Camp and within the first few seconds we spotted our biggest highlight for the afternoon: **Black-faced Babbler**. There were also a few **Red-billed Buffalo Weavers** hanging around with the babblers. After a long day in the car we spend some time with a drink, sharing some history knowledge and telling a few stories.

Day 12, 13th November 2018. Into Botswana

We left Roy's Camp early in the morning in order to spend some time birding at some of the woodland patches around Rundu as well as the water treatment plant to the east of Rundu. The woodland patches south of Rundu are slowly being destroyed by the local communities for firewood, charcoal, furniture, and the craft- and drum-making industry. These woodland patches can still be productive; however, we only managed to pick up Spotted Flycatcher, Common Scimitarbill, African Yellow White-eye, and Scarlet-chested Sunbird. The water treatment plant (more like sewage ponds) were absolutely brilliant, though! A great few hours really produced the goods for us. As we arrived we found a Lilac-breasted Roller and Magpie Shrike sitting on power lines, the edges of the ponds held Senegal Coucal, Swamp Boubou, Mourning Collared Dove, Lesser Swamp Warbler, Squacco Heron, and African Swamphen. We then moved to the north of the ponds, where some flooded grasslands run into a large reedbed, and here we truly picked up some crackers for the trip! African Rail (a true highlight) and Lesser Moorhen were both around, the latter showing incredibly well. Other species in attendance here were Collared Pratincole, Whiskered Tern, Blue-cheeked Bee-eater, and both Greater Paintedsnipe and African Snipe. The ponds themselves held both African and Lesser Jacanas and Redbilled, Cape, and Hottentot Teals as well as African Darter and Reed Cormorant.

Later in the morning we birded some of the broad-leafed woodlands that we passed through while on the way to Divundu. Here we picked up the likes of African Paradise Flycatcher, Amethyst Sunbird, Bradfield's Hornbill, Meyer's Parrot, and Lizard Buzzard all near our lunch spot, and a little further east we did really well to find Pale Flycatcher and the uncommon Rufous-bellied Tit. We had already had an amazing day when we headed into Botswana – the Okavango Delta leg of our trip had begun. The border post is a breeze here, and then we started the short drive to Shakawe. On the way we picked up our first Southern Carmine Bee-eaters and Cutthroat Finches. The finches are tricky to find nowadays, and these were the only ones saw on the entire trip. A whole host of new common birds were in abundance here in Botswana, and many would continue to show well for the rest of the eastern leg of the trip; some of these were Darkcapped Bulbul, Red-eyed Dove, Orange-breasted Bushshrike, Willow Warbler, Hartlaub's Babbler, Violet-backed Starling, and White-browed Robin-Chat.





A true northern-Namibian special: Rufous-bellied Tit (photo Peter Hilton)

Day 13, 14th November 2018. Full day along the Okavango Panhandle, Botswana

Unanimously, today was one of the best days of our whole tour; personally I am still quite amazed at the sightings that we enjoyed today! We started things in the morning before breakfast with some birding around the lodge, and here we found White-fronted and Little Bee-eaters, Orange-breasted Bushshrike, Rufous-bellied Heron (a flyby), Chirping Cisticola, Little Bittern, Tawny-flanked Prinia, and African Stonechat. We found a few really productive spots with some flooded grassland, at which we picked up various waterfowl and shorebirds, including African Wattled and Long-toed Lapwings, Kittlitz's Plover, Ruff, African Snipe, and Common and Marsh Sandpipers, as well as Western Yellow Wagtail. An adult African Marsh Harrier drifted over our boat as we were traveling past large pods of Hippopotamuses and the occasional three-to-four-meter-long Nile Crocodile sunning itself on the bank.

Later in the day we had incredible sightings of both African Pygmy Goose and the iconic Pel's Fishing Owl. A pair of **African Pygmy Geese** was in one of the eastern channels of the panhandle in a typical water-lily-covered setting. Here there was another small section of flooded grassland, where we encountered **Intermediate Egret**, **African Snipe**, **Whiskered Tern**, **Brown-throated**



Martin, and a few **Black Herons**. We had worked hard the whole day in order to find a roosting **Pel's Fishing Owl**, and finally, our luck turned. We walked along a patch of woodland alongside the channel, and our brilliant local guide and skipper came back saying that he had spotted one. We spent a good twenty minutes observing this beauty in the setting sunlight.



Surely one of the greatest species to connect with in our subregion, the magnificent **Pel's Fishing Owl** (phot: Peter Hilton)

My personal favorite sighting of this leg of the trip, however, was an aerobatic display by an **African Hobby**, a bird that is not that easy to come by in Southern Africa, which spent time hunting **Barn Swallows** over the panhandle near the town of Shakawe. What a brilliant sighting!

Day 14, 15th November 2018. Transfer back into the Caprivi Strip of Namibia

A beautiful African sunrise greeted us as we met to start the day with a walk along the panhandle. **African Barred Owlet** showed particularly well this morning after we picked up the call and 'hunted' it down. After a really good, relaxed breakfast we checked out and started our short journey. We reluctantly exited Botswana and drove back into the Caprivi strip of Namibia, where we spent the afternoon exploring the fantastic Mahango Game Park, part of the large Bwabwata



National Park. Highlights here were certainly too many to list, but they included **Bradfield's Hornbill**, **Wattled Crane** (four birds), a pair of **Saddle-billed Storks**, **African Spoonbill**, **White-headed Vulture**, **Tawny Eagle**, **Bateleur**, **Brubru**, **Coppery-tailed Coucal**, **Hartlaub's Babbler**, **Burnt-necked Eremomela**, and a pair of **Plain-backed Pipits**. The mammal sightings in Mahango Game Park are normally brilliant – today was certainly proof of that when we accumulated a rather large list of mammals while in the park, most of which are listed here: **Roan** and **Sable Antelopes**, **Impala**, **Greater Kudu**, **Southern Reedbuck**, **Red Lechwe**, **African Elephant**, and **Common Warthog. Common Ostriches** with youngsters gave enjoyable sightings, while the interesting **Swainson's Spurfowl** provided a good show as well. Our last sightings of the day were two mammal species: We finally had some really nice, close-up looks at **African Buffalo**, and after that we found a small herd of **Tsessebe** before we had to make our way out of the park and to our lodge for the night.

Day 15, 16th November 2018. Traversing the Caprivi Strip

We kicked off our day today with a short walk from the grounds of our lodge. The banks of the Kavango River certainly delivered some nice sightings, **Great Egret**, **African Wattled** and **White-crowned Lapwings**, **Rock** and **Collared Pratincoles**, and **Black Crake**. We walked to one of the dry floodplains near the lodge, where we picked up **Lilac-breasted Roller**, **Zitting Cisticola**, **Magpie Shrike**, and **White-browed Scrub Robin**. Then we started our drive toward Zambia and Victoria Falls. We were staying in Katima Mulilo, Namibia, tonight, which is situated on the border with Zambia on the Zambezi River. We arrived at our lodge and immediately found **Swamp Boubou**, **Schalow's Turaco**, and a roosting **African Wood Owl**. Our lodge had organized an afternoon boat trip for us, which certainly didn't disappoint. Our first incredible sight from the boat was a pair of **Greater Painted-snipes**, a species in the shorebird group but one that does not usually wade out in the open such as sandpipers and stilts.



Greater Painted-snipe, one of only three members in its family (photo Peter Hilton)



We enjoyed prolonged views of both a male and a female, allowing us to scrutinize the differences between the two. Another interesting bird was a young **Western Banded Snake Eagle** soon afterwards. After the snipe and the snake eagle we were ready to head back to the lodge, but the best was yet to come. First both a male and a female **African Finfoot** came out from the confines of the wooded overhangs, and both weren't really very shy and allowed us to drift ever closer. And then we found a pair of **Half-collared Kingfishers**, a bird that is not too easy to see in Namibia and one that also seems to stay in the cover of the overhanging branches.

Day 16, 17th November 2018. Into Zambia and onward to Livingstone

Our mornings birding today was one of the best mornings that we had on the tour. We really did well to pick up a good number of new species for the tour. Our first were near the lodge, Terrestrial Brownbul and Brown-throated Martin. We also had a flyby Rufous-bellied Heron, which only some members of the group saw before it flew out of sight. We headed south to a few of the remnant broad-leafed and mopani patches of woodland, where we found species such as Yellow-throated Petronia, Southern Black Flycatcher, Crested Barbet, Black-crowned Tchagra, and Striped Kingfisher. We had a few highlights here, and one of the main ones was getting nice sightings of male and female Arnot's Chat. We saw this pair just as an African Golden Oriole called from the top of a tree near us. Our walk was highly successful this morning, and we continued to walk and check a few different areas. We picked up Purple-banded Sunbird on call and then had visuals. A bit further along we checked a known roost site for Rufous-cheeked Nightjar and were successful in seeing a single bird.

After crossing the border into Zambia and a beautiful drive along the Zambezi we finally arrived at our lodge in Zambia just in time to join a boat cruise on the Zambezi. The bird life from the lodge grounds and the banks of the river was amazing, and we found **Violet-backed Starling**, **Trumpeter Hornbill**, **Grey-headed Kingfisher**, **Broad-billed Roller**, **Striated Heron**, and **Pied Kingfisher** with ease. A sunset birding cruise on the Zambezi is a really special outing, and the birding is not too bad either!

Day 17, 18th November 2018. Birding around Livingstone and Victoria Falls

So far the birding on this leg of the tour had exceeded expectations, and more was most certainly still to come. We started today with a walk around the grounds of the lodge, where we picked up Shikra, Red-faced Cisticola, Natal Spurfowl, Collared Palm Thrush, Blue Waxbill, and one of the stars of the morning, Red-throated Twinspot. Other species to really show nicely were Schalow's Turaco, Lesser Honeyguide, Red-winged Starling, and Bearded Scrub Robin. After the walk we enjoyed a really great breakfast, packed our things and headed toward Livingstone and Mosi-oa-Tunya National Park. We spent some time in the park and found a few interesting things, not the least of them was a cracking male Bateleur flying low over us. The national park runs along the northern banks of the Zambezi and has sections of nice open savanna and other sections of thick riverine woodland. We encountered herds of African Buffalo in the savanna sections and a few dapper-looking male Bushbucks in the riverine woodland. Other species we enjoyed this morning were African Openbill, Marabou Stork, Hooded Vulture, Gabar Goshawk, and Black Cuckooshrike. Then we headed to the world-famous Victoria Falls, some of us from the Zambian side and others from the Zimbabwean side. The water levels are low in November, but the falls were still incredibly impressive from either side. We spent time just taking it all in, the views, the sound, the breeze, and of course a few birds too: Red-winged



Starling and **Common Buzzard** were both new to the trip. After we had enjoyed this wonderful spectacle long enough we had a late lunch and afterwards went back to the lodge.

This tour is one in which we really try to fit in as many boat cruises as possible; there is something very special about spending time on the water. We had reached that time of the trip where, sadly enough, we went on our last boat cruise. We once again had cracking, close-up visuals of **Rock Pratincole** and also encountered **White-browed Coucal**, **Trumpeter Hornbill**, **Brown-hooded Kingfisher**, a single **Sand Martin**, and later in the afternoon a **Common Cuckoo**.



A really great sighting of **Rock Pratincole** – a few birds were sitting on the rocks in the middle of the Zambezi River (photo Peter Hilton).

Day 18, 19th November 2018. Departure

Our final morning saw some of the group head in their own direction, while others joined a last birding session in the miombo-type woodland that is situated west of Livingstone. We had a good morning, adding some new birds to our trip list. A pair of **Racket-tailed Rollers** really put on a great show for us, calling and giving their display flight. We also managed to find a couple of **White-breasted Cuckooshrikes**, many **Willow Warblers**, **Retz's Helmetshrike**, and a single **Stierling's Wren-Warbler.** We walked around a little more in search of Miombo Rock Thrush but weren't having any luck in the first hour. We did find a good bird in the form of **Collared Flycatcher** – a species not too uncommon in Zambian woodlands in the summer – and thereafter a brilliant little party of **Green-capped Eremomelas**. The call of the **Miombo Rock Thrush** is incredibly distinctive, and just when we were going to leave I heard a bird calling. We tracked it down and found the female first and then a lovely male bird – a super way for us to end a great tour!



Bird List - Following IOC (8.2)

Birds 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International: CE = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable, NT = Near Threatened. Region endemics are bolded.

Common name	Scientific name
Ostriches (Struthionidae)	
Common Ostrich	Struthio camelus
Common Ostricii	Struinto cametus
Ducks, Geese and Swans (Anat	tidae)
White-faced Whistling Duck	Dendrocygna viduata
Spur-winged Goose	Plectropterus gambensis
Knob-billed Duck	Sarkidiornis melanotos
Egyptian Goose	Alopochen aegyptiaca
South African Shelduck	Tadorna cana
African Pygmy Goose	Nettapus auritus
Hottentot Teal	Spatula hottentota
Yellow-billed Duck	Anas undulata
Cape Teal	Anas capensis
Red-billed Teal	Anas erythrorhyncha
Guineafowl (Numididae)	
Helmeted Guineafowl	Numida meleagris
Pheasants and Allies (Phasiani	idae)
Crested Francolin	Dendroperdix sephaena
Hartlaub's Spurfowl	Pternistis hartlaubi
Red-billed Spurfowl	Pternistis adspersus
Natal Spurfowl	Pternistis natalensis
Red-necked Spurfowl	Pternistis afer
Swainson's Spurfowl	Pternistis swainsonii
Danguing (Subanigaidae)	
Penguins (Spheniscidae) African Penguin - EN	Cub anis aug dam angua
Amcan Penguin - EN	Spheniscus demersus



Common name	Scientific name
Petrels, Shearwaters, Diving P	etrels (Procellariidae)
Sooty Shearwater - NT	Ardenna grisea
	0
Grebes (Podicipedidae)	
Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis
$Flamingos\ (Phoenic opteridae)$	
Greater Flamingo	Phoenicopterus roseus
Lesser Flamingo - NT	Phoeniconaias minor
Storks (Ciconiidae)	
Yellow-billed Stork	Mycteria ibis
African Openbill	Anastomus lamelligerus
Saddle-billed Stork	Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis
Marabou Stork	Leptoptilos crumenifer
Ibises, Spoonbills (Threskiorni	ithidae)
African Sacred Ibis	Threskiornis aethiopicus
Hadada Ibis	Bostrychia hagedash
Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus
African Spoonbill	Platalea alba
Herons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)	
Little Bittern	Ixobrychus minutus
White-backed Night Heron	Gorsachius leuconotus
Black-crowned Night Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax
Striated Heron	Butorides striata
Squacco Heron	Ardeola ralloides
Rufous-bellied Heron	Ardeola rufiventris
Western Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis
Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea
Black-headed Heron	Ardea melanocephala
Goliath Heron	Ardea goliath
Purple Heron	Ardea purpurea
Great Egret	Ardea alba
Intermediate Egret	Ardea intermedia



Common name	Scientific name
Black Heron	Egretta ardesiaca
Slaty Egret - VU	Egretta vinaceigula
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta
Hamerkop (Scopidae)	
Hamerkop	Scopus umbretta
Pelicans (Pelecanidae)	
Great White Pelican	Pelecanus onocrotalus
Gannets, Boobies (Sulidae)	14
Cape Gannet - EN	Morus capensis
Cormorants, Shags (Phalacroc	roracidae)
Reed Cormorant	Microcarbo africanus
Crowned Cormorant - NT	Microcarbo coronatus
White-breasted Cormorant	Phalacrocorax lucidus
Cape Cormorant - EN	Phalacrocorax capensis
cupe connormit Erv	Thurderocord capensis
Anhingas, Darters (Anhingida	e)
African Darter	Anhinga rufa
Secretarybird (Sagittariidae)	
Secretarybird - VU	Sagittarius serpentarius
Ospreys (Pandionidae)	
Western Osprey	Pandion haliaetus
Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitr	
Black-winged Kite	Elanus caeruleus
African Harrier-Hawk	Polyboroides typus
European Honey Buzzard	Pernis apivorus
Hooded Vulture - CE	Necrosyrtes monachus
White-backed Vulture - CE	Gyps africanus
White-headed Vulture - CE	Trigonoceps occipitalis
Lappet-faced Vulture - EN	Torgos tracheliotos
Black-chested Snake Eagle	Circaetus pectoralis



Common name	Scientific name	
Brown Snake Eagle	Circaetus cinereus	
Western Banded Snake Eagle	Circaetus cinerascens	
Bateleur - NT	Terathopius ecaudatus	
Martial Eagle - VU	Polemaetus bellicosus	
Wahlberg's Eagle	Hieraaetus wahlbergi	
Tawny Eagle - VU	Aquila rapax	
Verreaux's Eagle	Aquila verreauxii	
African Hawk-Eagle	Aquila spilogaster	
Lizard Buzzard	Kaupifalco monogrammicus	
Gabar Goshawk	Micronisus gabar	
Pale Chanting Goshawk	Melierax canorus	
African Goshawk (H)	Accipiter tachiro	
Shikra	Accipiter badius	
Little Sparrowhawk	Accipiter minullus	
African Marsh Harrier	Circus ranivorus	
Pallid Harrier - NT	Circus macrourus	
Yellow-billed Kite	Milvus aegyptius	
African Fish Eagle	Haliaeetus vocifer	
Common Buzzard	Buteo buteo	
Augur Buzzard	Buteo augur	
Bustards (Otididae)		
Kori Bustard - NT	Ardeotis kori	
Ludwig's Bustard - EN	Neotis ludwigii	
Rüppell's Korhaan	Eupodotis rueppelii	
Red-crested Korhaan	Lophotis ruficrista	
Northern Black Korhaan	Afrotis afraoides	
Finfoots (Heliornithidae)		
African Finfoot	Podica senegalensis	
Rails, Crakes and Coots (Rallida	ne)	
African Rail	Rallus caerulescens	
Black Crake	Amaurornis flavirostra	
African Swamphen	Porphyrio madagascariensis	
Common Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	
Lesser Moorhen	Paragallinula angulata	
Lessei Mioniicii	1 aragammana angmana	



Common name	Scientific name
Red-knobbed Coot	Fulica cristata
Cranes (Gruidae)	
Wattled Crane - VU	Grus carunculata
Blue Crane - VU	Grus paradisea
Stone-curlews, Thick-knees (B	Burhinidae)
Water Thick-knee	Burhinus vermiculatus
Spotted Thick-knee	Burhinus capensis
	'
Oystercatchers (Haematopodi	dae)
African Oystercatcher	Haematopus moquini
Stilts, Avocets (Recurvirostrid	lae)
Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus
Pied Avocet	Recurvirostra avosetta
Plovers (Charadriidae)	
Long-toed Lapwing	Vanellus crassirostris
Blacksmith Lapwing	Vanellus armatus
White-crowned Lapwing	Vanellus albiceps
Crowned Lapwing	Vanellus coronatus
African Wattled Lapwing	Vanellus senegallus
Grey Plover	Pluvialis squatarola
Common Ringed Plover	Charadrius hiaticula
Kittlitz's Plover	Charadrius pecuarius
Three-banded Plover	Charadrius tricollaris
White-fronted Plover	Charadrius marginatus
Chestnut-banded Plover - NT	Charadrius pallidus
Painted-snipes (Rostratulidae))
Greater Painted-snipe	Rostratula benghalensis
Sieuter i united simpe	Rosirainia vengimiensis
Jacanas (Jacanidae)	
Lesser Jacana	Microparra capensis
African Jacana	Actophilornis africanus



Common name	Scientific name
Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopa	cidae)
Whimbrel	Numenius phaeopus
Eurasian Curlew - NT	Numenius arquata
Bar-tailed Godwit - NT	Limosa lapponica
Ruddy Turnstone	Arenaria interpres
Ruff	Calidris pugnax
Curlew Sandpiper - NT	Calidris ferruginea
Sanderling	Calidris alba
Little Stint	Calidris minuta
African Snipe	Gallinago nigripennis
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos
Marsh Sandpiper	Tringa stagnatilis
Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola
Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia
	'
Coursers, Pratincoles (Glare	eolidae)
Temminck's Courser	Cursorius temminckii
Double-banded Courser	Rhinoptilus africanus
Collared Pratincole	Glareola pratincola
Rock Pratincole	Glareola nuchalis
Gulls, Terns and Skimmers	(Laridae)
African Skimmer - NT	Rynchops flavirostris
Grey-headed Gull	Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus
Hartlaub's Gull	Chroicocephalus hartlaubii
Kelp Gull	Larus dominicanus
Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia
Greater Crested Tern	Thalasseus bergii
Sandwich Tern	Thalasseus sandvicensis
Damara Tern - VU	Sternula balaenarum
Common Tern	Sterna hirundo
Whiskered Tern	Chlidonias hybrida
White-winged Tern	Chlidonias leucopterus
Black Tern	Chlidonias niger
Skuas (Stercorariidae)	
Parasitic Jaeger	Stercorarius parasiticus



Common name	Scientific name	
Candanavaa (Dtanaalidaa)		
Sandgrouse (Pteroclidae) Namaqua Sandgrouse	Pterocles namaqua	
Double-banded Sandgrouse	Pterocles bicinctus	
Burchell's Sandgrouse	Pterocles burchelli	
Burchen's Sanagrouse	Tierocies burchetti	
Pigeons, Doves (Columbidae)		
Rock Dove	Columba livia	
Speckled Pigeon	Columba guinea	
Mourning Collared Dove	Streptopelia decipiens	
Red-eyed Dove	Streptopelia semitorquata	
Ring-necked Dove	Streptopelia capicola	
Laughing Dove	Spilopelia senegalensis	
Emerald-spotted Wood Dove	Turtur chalcospilos	
Namaqua Dove	Oena capensis	
African Green Pigeon	Treron calvus	
	,	
Turacos (Musophagidae)		
Schalow's Turaco	Tauraco schalowi	
Grey Go-away-bird	Corythaixoides concolor	
Livingstone's Turaco	Tauraco livingstonii	
Cuckoos (Cuculidae)		
Senegal Coucal	Centropus senegalensis	
Coppery-tailed Coucal	Centropus cupreicaudus	
White-browed Coucal	Centropus superciliosus	
Black Cuckoo	Cuculus clamosus	
Red-chested Cuckoo	Cuculus solitarius	
African Cuckoo	Cuculus gularis	
Common Cuckoo	Cuculus canorus	
Owls (Strigidae)		
African Scops Owl	Otus senegalensis	
Pel's Fishing Owl	Scotopelia peli	
African Wood Owl	Strix woodfordii	
Pearl-spotted Owlet	Glaucidium perlatum	
African Barred Owlet	Glaucidium capense	



Common name	Scientific name
Nightjars (Caprimulgidae)	
Rufous-cheeked Nightjar (H)	Caprimulgus rufigena
Fiery-necked Nightjar (H)	Caprimulgus pectoralis
Freckled Nightjar	Caprimulgus tristigma
Square-tailed Nightjar	Caprimulgus fossii
Swifts (Apodidae)	
African Palm Swift	Cypsiurus parvus
Alpine Swift	Tachymarptis melba
Common Swift	Apus apus
Bradfield's Swift	Apus bradfieldi
Little Swift	Apus affinis
Horus Swift	Apus horus
White-rumped Swift	Apus caffer
Mousebirds (Coliidae)	
White-backed Mousebird	Colius colius
Red-faced Mousebird	Urocolius indicus
ited faced Modscoffd	Orocomis mateus
Rollers (Coraciidae)	
Purple Roller	Coracias naevius
Racket-tailed Roller	Coracias spatulatus
Lilac-breasted Roller	Coracias caudatus
Broad-billed Roller	Eurystomus glaucurus
Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)	
Grey-headed Kingfisher	Halcyon leucocephala
Brown-hooded Kingfisher	Halcyon albiventris
Striped Kingfisher	Halcyon chelicuti
Woodland Kingfisher	Halcyon senegalensis
Malachite Kingfisher	Corythornis cristatus
Half-collared Kingfisher	Alcedo semitorquata
Giant Kingfisher	Megaceryle maxima
Pied Kingfisher	Ceryle rudis
Bee-eaters (Meropidae)	





Common name	Scientific name
Bearded Woodpecker	Chloropicus namaquus
Cardinal Woodpecker	Dendropicos fuscescens
Caracaras, Falcons (Falconida	ne)
Rock Kestrel	Falco rupicolus
Greater Kestrel	Falco rupicoloides
Red-necked Falcon	Falco chicquera
African Hobby	Falco cuvierii
Lanner Falcon	Falco biarmicus
African & New World Parrots	(Psittacidae)
Meyer's Parrot	Poicephalus meyeri
Rüppell's Parrot	Poicephalus rueppellii
11	11
Old World Parrots (Psittaculio	dae)
Rosy-faced Lovebird	Agapornis roseicollis
Pririt Batis White-tailed Shrike	Batis pririt Lanioturdus torquatus
White-tailed Shrike	Lanioturdus torquatus
Bushshrikes (Malaconotidae)	
Orange-breasted Bushshrike	Chlorophoneus sulfureopectus
Orange-breasted Bushshrike Bokmakierie (H)	Chlorophoneus sulfureopectus Telophorus zeylonus
Bokmakierie (H)	Telophorus zeylonus
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra	Telophorus zeylonus Tchagra australis
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra Black-crowned Tchagra	Telophorus zeylonus Tchagra australis Tchagra senegalus
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra Black-crowned Tchagra Black-backed Puffback	Telophorus zeylonus Tchagra australis Tchagra senegalus Dryoscopus cubla
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra Black-crowned Tchagra Black-backed Puffback Tropical Boubou	Telophorus zeylonus Tchagra australis Tchagra senegalus Dryoscopus cubla Laniarius major
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra Black-crowned Tchagra Black-backed Puffback Tropical Boubou Swamp Boubou	Tchagra australis Tchagra senegalus Dryoscopus cubla Laniarius major Laniarius bicolor
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra Black-crowned Tchagra Black-backed Puffback Tropical Boubou Swamp Boubou Crimson-breasted Shrike Brubru	Telophorus zeylonus Tchagra australis Tchagra senegalus Dryoscopus cubla Laniarius major Laniarius bicolor Laniarius atrococcineus
Bokmakierie (H) Brown-crowned Tchagra Black-crowned Tchagra Black-backed Puffback Tropical Boubou Swamp Boubou Crimson-breasted Shrike	Telophorus zeylonus Tchagra australis Tchagra senegalus Dryoscopus cubla Laniarius major Laniarius bicolor Laniarius atrococcineus



Common name	Scientific name
Cuckooshrikes (Campephagidae	e)
White-breasted Cuckooshrike	Ceblepyris pectoralis
Black Cuckooshrike	Campephaga flava
Shrikes (Laniidae)	
Magpie Shrike	Urolestes melanoleucus
Southern White-crowned Shrike	Eurocephalus anguitimens
Red-backed Shrike	Lanius collurio
Lesser Grey Shrike	Lanius minor
Southern Fiscal	Lanius collaris
Figbirds, Orioles & Turnagra (C	Driolidae)
Eurasian Golden Oriole	Oriolus oriolus
African Golden Oriole	Oriolus auratus
Black-headed Oriole (H)	Oriolus larvatus
Drongos (Dicruridae)	
Fork-tailed Drongo	Dicrurus adsimilis
Monarchs (Monarchidae)	
African Paradise Flycatcher	Terpsiphone viridis
Crows, Jays (Corvidae)	
Cape Crow	Corvus capensis
	Corvus capensis Corvus albus
Cape Crow	*
Cape Crow	*
Cape Crow Pied Crow	*
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae)	Corvus albus
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae) Southern Black Tit	Corvus albus Melaniparus niger
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae) Southern Black Tit Carp's Tit	Corvus albus Melaniparus niger Melaniparus carpi
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae) Southern Black Tit Carp's Tit Rufous-bellied Tit Ashy Tit	Corvus albus Melaniparus niger Melaniparus carpi Melaniparus rufiventris
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae) Southern Black Tit Carp's Tit Rufous-bellied Tit Ashy Tit Larks (Alaudidae)	Melaniparus niger Melaniparus carpi Melaniparus rufiventris Melaniparus cinerascens
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae) Southern Black Tit Carp's Tit Rufous-bellied Tit Ashy Tit Larks (Alaudidae) Spike-heeled Lark	Melaniparus niger Melaniparus carpi Melaniparus rufiventris Melaniparus cinerascens Chersomanes albofasciata
Cape Crow Pied Crow Tits, Chickadees (Paridae) Southern Black Tit Carp's Tit Rufous-bellied Tit Ashy Tit Larks (Alaudidae)	Melaniparus niger Melaniparus carpi Melaniparus rufiventris Melaniparus cinerascens



Common name	Scientific name
Chestnut-backed Sparrow-Lark	Eremopterix leucotis
Grey-backed Sparrow-Lark	Eremopterix verticalis
Sabota Lark	Calendulauda sabota
Dune Lark	Calendulauda erythrochlamys
Eastern Clapper Lark	Mirafra fasciolata
Stark's Lark	Spizocorys starki
Pink-billed Lark	Spizocorys conirostris
Red-capped Lark	Calandrella cinerea
Bulbuls (Pycnonotidae)	
African Red-eyed Bulbul	Pycnonotus nigricans
Dark-capped Bulbul	Pycnonotus tricolor
Yellow-bellied Greenbul	Chlorocichla flaviventris
Terrestrial Brownbul	Phyllastrephus terrestris
Swallows, Martins (Hirundinida	ne)
Grey-rumped Swallow	Pseudhirundo griseopyga
Brown-throated Martin	Riparia paludicola
Sand Martin	Riparia riparia
Banded Martin	Riparia cincta
Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica
White-throated Swallow	Hirundo albigularis
Wire-tailed Swallow	Hirundo smithii
Pearl-breasted Swallow	Hirundo dimidiata
Rock Martin	Ptyonoprogne fuligula
Common House Martin	Delichon urbicum
Greater Striped Swallow	Cecropis cucullata
Lesser Striped Swallow	Cecropis abyssinica
Red-breasted Swallow	Cecropis semirufa
Crombecs, African Warblers (M	Tacrosphenidae)
Rockrunner	Achaetops pycnopygius
Long-billed Crombec	Sylvietta rufescens
Leaf Warblers and Allies (Phyll	oscopidae)
Willow Warbler	Phylloscopus trochilus



Common name	Scientific name
Reed Warblers and Allies (Acre	ocephalidae)
Greater Swamp Warbler	Acrocephalus rufescens
Lesser Swamp Warbler	Acrocephalus gracilirostris
African Reed Warbler	Acrocephalus baeticatus
	'
Grassbirds and Allies (Locuste)	llidae)
Little Rush Warbler (H)	Bradypterus baboecala
Cisticolas and Allies (Cisticolid	ae)
Red-faced Cisticola (H)	Cisticola erythrops
Rattling Cisticola	Cisticola chiniana
Luapula Cisticola	Cisticola luapula
Chirping Cisticola	Cisticola pipiens
Neddicky (H)	Cisticola fulvicapilla
Zitting Cisticola	Cisticola juncidis
Desert Cisticola	Cisticola aridulus
Tawny-flanked Prinia	Prinia subflava
Black-chested Prinia	Prinia flavicans
Yellow-breasted Apalis	Apalis flavida
Rufous-eared Warbler	Malcorus pectoralis
Grey-backed Camaroptera	Camaroptera brevicaudata
Stierling's Wren-Warbler	Calamonastes stierlingi
Barred Wren-Warbler	Calamonastes fasciolatus
Yellow-bellied Eremomela	Eremomela icteropygialis
Green-capped Eremomela	Eremomela scotops
Burnt-necked Eremomela	Eremomela usticollis
Laughingthrushes and Allies (I	Leiothrichidae)
Black-faced Babbler	Turdoides melanops
Arrow-marked Babbler	Turdoides jardineii
Hartlaub's Babbler	Turdoides hartlaubii
Southern Pied Babbler	Turdoides bicolor
Bare-cheeked Babbler	Turdoides gymnogenys
Sylviid Babblers (Sylviidae)	
Chestnut-vented Warbler	Sylvia subcoerulea
Layard's Warbler	Sylvia layardi



osterops pallidus osterops senegalensis reatophora cinerea amprotornis nitens amprotornis chalybaeus amprotornis australis innyricinclus leucogaster nychognathus morio nychognathus nabouroup
reatophora cinerea amprotornis nitens amprotornis chalybaeus amprotornis mevesii amprotornis australis innyricinclus leucogaster nychognathus morio nychognathus nabouroup
reatophora cinerea amprotornis nitens amprotornis chalybaeus amprotornis mevesii amprotornis australis innyricinclus leucogaster nychognathus morio nychognathus nabouroup
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oiganidaa)
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ercotrichas quaartvirgata ercotrichas paena
ercotrichas leucophrys
elaenornis pammelaina
Telaenornis pallidus
elaenornis infuscatus
elaenornis mariquensis
uscicapa striata
uscicapa sartata Juscicapa caerulescens
ossypha heuglini
ichladusa arquata
ichladusa ruficauda
ichiaamsa rmiicamaa





Common name	Scientific name
Southern Masked Weaver	Ploceus velatus
Village Weaver	Ploceus cucullatus
Red-billed Quelea	Quelea quelea
Yellow-crowned Bishop	Euplectes afer
Fan-tailed Widowbird	Euplectes axillaris
Waxbills, Munias and Allies (E	strildidae)
Green-winged Pytilia	Pytilia melba
Red-headed Finch	Amadina erythrocephala
Cut-throat Finch	Amadina fasciata
Red-throated Twinspot	Hypargos niveoguttatus
Brown Firefinch	Lagonosticta nitidula
Red-billed Firefinch	Lagonosticta senegala
Jameson's Firefinch	Lagonosticta rhodopareia
Blue Waxbill	Uraeginthus angolensis
Violet-eared Waxbill	Uraeginthus granatinus
Cinderella Waxbill	Estrilda thomensis
Common Waxbill	Estrilda astrild
Black-faced Waxbill	Estrilda erythronotos
Indigobirds, Whydahs (Viduida	ae)
Village Indigobird	Vidua chalybeata
Pin-tailed Whydah	Vidua macroura
Shaft-tailed Whydah	Vidua regia
Long-tailed Paradise Whydah	Vidua paradisaea
Wagtails, Pipits (Motacillidae)	
Western Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla flava
Cape Wagtail	Motacilla capensis
African Pied Wagtail	Motacilla aguimp
African Pipit	Anthus cinnamomeus
Buffy Pipit	Anthus vaalensis
Plain-backed Pipit	Anthus leucophrys
Finches, Euphonias (Fringillida	ne)
Black-throated Canary	Crithagra atrogularis
Yellow-fronted Canary	Crithagra mozambica
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Common name	Scientific name
Yellow Canary	Crithagra flaviventris
White-throated Canary	Crithagra albogularis
D. A. C. (Full 111)	
Buntings (Emberizidae)	
Lark-like Bunting	Emberiza impetuani
Cinnamon-breasted Bunting	Emberiza tahapisi
Cape Bunting	Emberiza capensis
Golden-breasted Bunting	Emberiza flaviventris

Total seen	410
Total heard only	10
Total recorded	420

Mammal List

odidae)
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Epomophorus gambianus
idae)
Elephantulus intufi
Petromus typicus
Xerus inauris
Funisciurus congicus
Paraxerus cepapi
Procavia capensis
Lepus saxatilis





Birding Ecotours

Total seen

48

